



### Accurately predicts future decoding and comprehension difficulty.

Research analyses of the PEARL with over 1000 students indicate that the Decoding and Language subtests yield sensitivity and specificity above 80%, and that these results can be obtained after a very brief screening process.



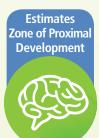
### Reduces cultural and linguistic bias, accurately predicting future reading and language difficulty for diverse children.

Across culturally and linguistically diverse students, the PEARL yielded sensitivity and specificity at or above 80%, indicating limited assessment bias and excellent predictive validity for a diverse group of students.



# Informs present level of performance of decoding and academically related language.

Results of the PEARL provide information on a student's current ability to decode, and understand and use complex language.

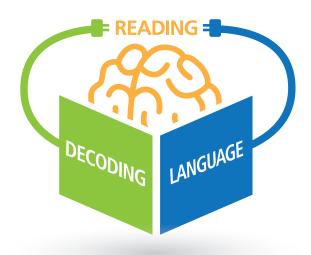


# Helps identify a student's specific deficits and strengths related to decoding and language.

Results of the PEARL can help educators understand how much support a student might need to successfully decode and understand and use complex language, and identify specific intervention goals for students.

# The PEARL accurately identifies future decoding and language difficulty in just minutes!

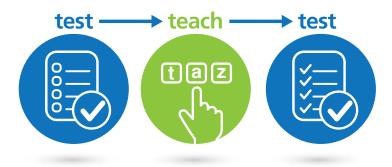
Reading ability is the product of decoding and language skills. Many students experience difficulty with decoding, and/or language comprehension when they are taught to read. A reading screener should provide information on a student's future ability to learn to both decode and to comprehend language, and it should inform educators about the specific needs of each student. If decoding or language deficits are identified early, a preventative model of intervention can be implemented.



The Predictive Early Assessment of Reading and Language (PEARL) was designed to meet this significant need in primary education. The PEARL is a standardized, reliable and valid screener of decoding and language. It is best used with children leaving preschool or upon entry in kindergarten. It accurately differentiates between children who will need supplemental intervention and children who will respond appropriately to classroom instruction, even if the children are culturally, linguistically, or economically diverse. The early, accurate identification of future reading difficulty helps schools reserve valuable resources for the children who actually need extra support, and allows for intensive interventions begin without delay.

### **Dynamic Assessment**

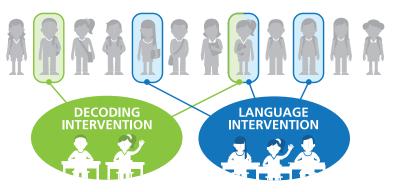
The PEARL uses an innovative assessment approach referred to as dynamic assessment. Using a test-teach-test format, the PEARL measures a student's ability to learn something new in the domains of decoding and literate (academic) language production and comprehension. In a single testing



session, examiners assess gains from pretest to posttest as well as the student's response to quality teaching. The effects of teaching on a student's decoding and language can be observed and measured, and the results reveal how easy or difficult it will likely be for a student to learn those skills. As a result, an estimation of a student's need for intervention can be made quickly, without needing to monitor response to teaching over months or years.

#### **Administration**

With training and practice, almost anyone can administer the PEARL. Psychologists, speech-language pathologists, teachers, paraprofessionals, and college students have delivered the PEARL and their fidelity of administration is consistently above 95%. During administration, the materials needed include a small stimulus booklet, a protocol with easy to follow scripts, and a pencil. It can



take as little as 5 minutes or as long as 18 minutes to administer the PEARL, depending on the teaching needs of each student. The results of the PEARL are easily interpreted using a flow chart decision tree, guiding educators to recommendations of intervention or no intervention in decoding, language, or both.

### **Technical Information**

The reliability and validity of the PEARL have been examined in several studies. Children from diverse ethnic and linguistic backgrounds including Native American, Hispanic, and low SES groups were included in the studies. Estimates of the PEARL's overall reliability, relative to several different methods used to measure reliability (inter- and intra-rater reliability, fidelity of test administration, parallel forms reliability, and internal consistency reliability) strongly suggest that the PEARL has minimal test error and that examiners can have confidence in its results. Our predictive analyses of the sensitivity and specificity of the PEARL with over 1000 students indicate that the Decoding and Language subtests yield sensitivity and specificity estimates at or above 80%. Further subgroup analyses suggest the PEARL has limited assessment bias and excellent predictive validity for a diverse students.